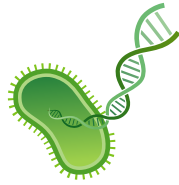


# LongPlex™ Multiplexing Kit

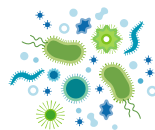
Fragmentation and Indexing for Scalable, Long-Read Sequencing



Plasmid Sequencing



Microbial and Small Genome WGS



Metagenomic Sequencing

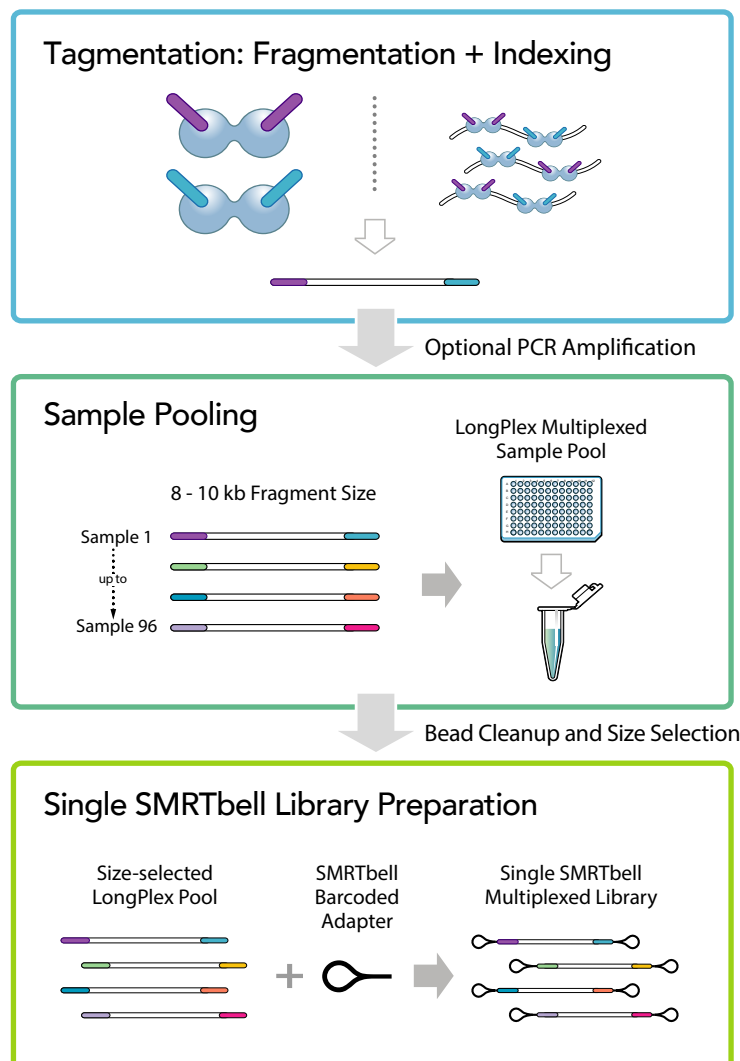


Low Pass Sequencing



Targeted Hybrid Capture

Realize the potential of your PacBio long-read sequencer



Make short work of long reads...

Use transposase-based fragmentation and sample multiplexing to unleash truly scalable, cost-efficient long-read sequencing.

- Eliminates the time and resource burden of mechanical shearing
- Early multiplexing enables more samples per flow cell
- Multiple workflow options for a variety of applications and desired fragment lengths
- Workflows compatible with PacBio SMRTbell® Prep Kit 3.0

**Figure 1:** DNA is fragmented and unique dual indexes (UDIs) are added using Tn5 transposase. Samples are pooled, cleaned up, and size selected. The size-selected LongPlex pool proceeds to a single PacBio SMRTbell library prep.

# LongPlex™ Multiplexing Kit

## Enabling High-Throughput, Cost-Efficient Long-Read Sequencing

One-step fragmentation & indexing and early sample pooling simplify the library prep workflow and reduce the total number of required SMRTbell library preps while increasing the number of samples per SMRT Cell.



### Simple workflow

No mechanical shearing. UDI-loaded transposases simultaneously fragment and index DNA.



### Rapid

DNA fragmentation to size-selected, multiplexed pool in under 2 hours (30 minutes hands-on time).



### Scalable

Automation-friendly method using 96 LongPlex UDIs. Early sample pooling reduces bead cleanup and QC burden.



### Savings

Multiplexing prior to SMRTbell library prep reduces cost per sample without sacrificing data quality.



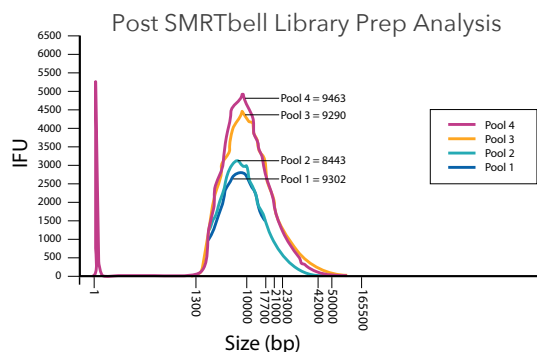
### Flexible

PCR, PCR-free, and hybrid capture workflows to address a variety of applications.

## Transposase-based DNA Fragmentation and Indexing

LongPlex consistently produces fragments of >10 kb from high quality DNA, with final Femto Pulse fragment sizes of >8 kb following SMRTbell library preparation. A LongPlex XL protocol is available to produce larger final fragment lengths.

Sample	Post LongPlex Femto size (bp)	Post SMRTbell Femto size (mean, bp)	Post SMRTbell Femto size (mean, bp)
24-Plex A	11,503	12,472	8,443
24-Plex B	10,953	11,444	9,302
24-Plex C	10,710	11,902	9,463
24-Plex D	10,156	10,112	9,490



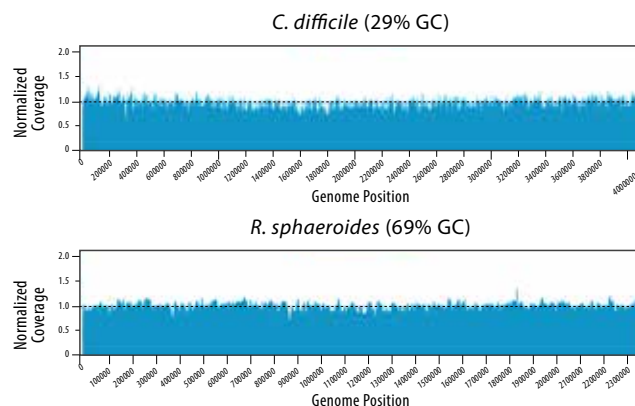
**Table 1 and Figure 2:** QC results of four (4) 24-plex library pools generated using the LongPlex PCR-free workflow from 8 different microbial strains. Fragment profiles were generated using the Agilent Femto Pulse with the Genomic DNA 165kb Analysis Kit. Fragment sizes ranged from 10.1 - 11.5 kb following LongPlex fragmentation. Fragment profiles of the final pool post SMRTbell library prep displayed a mean size of 10.1 - 12.4 kb and a mode of 8.4 - 9.5 kb.

# LongPlex™ Multiplexing Kit

## Microbial Whole Genome Sequencing (WGS)

- Consistent insert size across different genomes and DNA input levels
- Uniform coverage of genomes with high, medium, and low GC-contents
- Equal volume pooling prior to PacBio SMRTbell library prep - no quantification or normalization required

Organism	%GC	Genome Size (Mb)	PCR-Free Coverage	PCR-Free Max Contig (Mb)
<i>Clostridioides difficile</i>	29	4.3	160	4.1
<i>Staphylococcus epidermis</i>	32	2.6	396	2.6
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	35	5.4	74	5.4
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i>	44	4.2	23	1.2
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	51	4.6	191	4.6
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	55	5.3	136	5.3
<i>Bordetella pertussis</i>	67	4.0	259	4.0
<i>Rhodobacter sphaeroides</i>	69	4.5	209	3.2



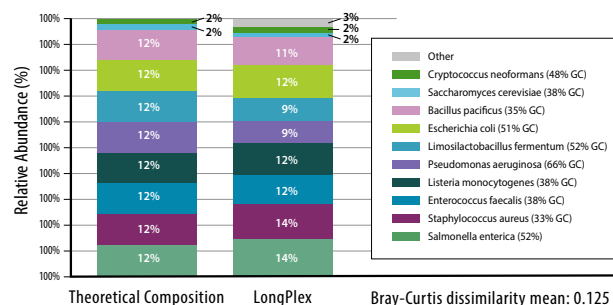
**Figure 3:** gDNA samples from 8 different microbial isolate strains (ATCC), which contained GC contents ranging from 29-69%, were processed in quadruplicate using the LongPlex PCR-free workflow. Post LongPlex tagging, samples were pooled into four (4) 24-plex pools for cleanup and bead-based size selection. Final LongPlex pools underwent library preparation using PacBio SMRTbell prep kit 3.0. The 4 SMRTbell libraries were pooled and sequenced using a single Revio SMRT Cell.

## Metagenomic Taxonomy Profiling

- Long read lengths enable more complete, accurate assembly, and better resolution of complex genomic regions
- Increased throughput with reduced time, labor, and total sequencing costs
- Consistent read counts and sequencing quality

Sample	Total Reads	Average Read Length	Bray-Curtis Dissimilarity
Replicate 1	285,171	4482	0.124
Replicate 2	314,897	4532	0.127
Replicate 3	298,056	4492	0.124
Replicate 4	286,638	4529	0.125

% bps ≥ Q40 96.9%



**Figure 4:** Taxonomic profiling of ZymoBIOMICS Microbial Community DNA Standard which consists of gDNA from pure cultures of 8 bacterial (2.99 - 6.79 Mb in size) and 2 fungal strains (12.10 and 18.90 Mb in size) with GC contents ranging from 33-66%. The theoretical composition is 12% for each bacterial strain and 2% for each fungal strain. Four sample replicates were processed using the LongPlex PCR-free workflow with a total DNA input of 285 ng. Reads were demultiplexed using customized Lima, and sequencing data were down-sampled to 200,000 random HiFi reads prior to taxonomy profiling analysis using Kraken2 with a kmer length of 35. Bracken2 species-level and genus-level relative abundances were estimated using the Bayesian model implemented in Bracken2. Those reads labeled as "other" (grey) are unmapped reads.

“[LongPlex] both fragments and adds barcodes to long fragments of DNA across 96 samples thus, enabling **higher throughput, low-cost** metagenomics preparations.”

Jeremiah Minich,  
Salk Institute for  
Biological Studies

Minich, *et al.*,  
Culture-independent  
meta-pangenomics  
enabled by long-read  
metagenomics reveals  
associations with  
pediatric undernutrition.  
*Cell* 188, 1-21

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support@seqwell.com

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## LongPlex Multiplexing Kit Specifications

Workflow Options	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LongPlex PCR-free</li> <li>• LongPlex PCR-plus</li> <li>• LongPlex Hybrid Capture</li> <li>• LongPlex XL</li> </ul>
Sample Types*	Genomic DNA (DIN ≥8.0 recommended)
Reactions per Kit	96 reactions
DNA Input Recommended	150 - 500 ng
Indexing Method	Unique Dual Indexing (UDI)
Number of Unique Index Combinations	96
Batch Size**	1 - 96 samples
Output Fragment Size***	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standard protocol: 5,000 - 8,500 bp</li> <li>• LongPlex XL protocol: &gt;10kB</li> </ul>
PCR Amplification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• WGS: PCR-free and PCR-plus methods available</li> <li>• Hybrid Capture: 8-10 PCR cycles recommended</li> </ul>
Total Protocol Time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PCR-free: &lt; 2 hours (30 minutes hands-on)</li> <li>• PCR-plus: 3 - 4 hours including long range PCR (30 minutes hands-on)</li> </ul>
Sequencer Compatibility	PacBio Revio™ PacBio Sequel™ II and iI

\* Other sample types may be compatible. Contact seqWell support for guidance.

\*\* Can pool up to 24 samples prior to SMRTbell library preparation. Please contact support@seqwell.com for guidance on pooling >24 samples.

\*\*\* Fragment size will depend on DNA quality, magnetic bead cleanup ratios, LongPlex workflow and QC method. Final sequencing read lengths will vary depending on downstream application.

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